



FAST FACTS

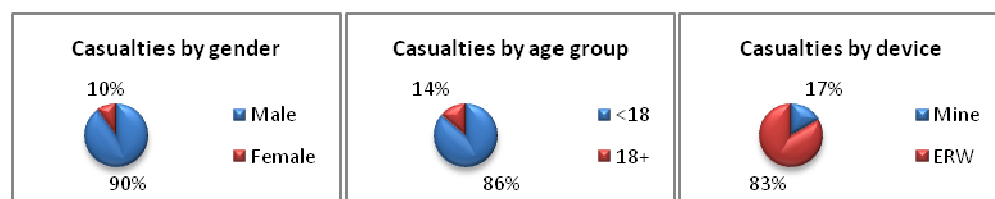
Mine Action Program of Afghanistan (MAPA) Second Quarter 1392/July to September 2013

Scope of the Problem: The table below shows remaining challenge of minefield¹ and battlefield contamination in Afghanistan.

| Number of Known Minefield and Battlefield Remaining | | | | Total Area Remaining (sq km) | Number of Remaining | | |
|---|-------|-----|-------|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| AP | AT | BF | Total | | Communities | Districts | Provinces |
| 3,159 | 1,170 | 181 | 4510 | 521 | 1,628 | 243 | 33 |

Casualties: In the second quarter of 1392, according to the MAPA records 72 Afghans were killed or injured by mines and Explosive Remnants of War (ERW), representing a significant decrease from a quarterly average of 507 casualties recorded in 1380 (2001).

Casualties Recorded during July to September 2013



Survey: The table below shows status of the Mine and ERW Impact Free Community Survey (MEIFCS), launched in May 2012.

| Community Type | Target Communities | Surveyed Communities So Far |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Communities known to be impacted | 1,726 | 858 |
| Communities not known to be impacted | 30,722 | 22,492 ² |

Clearance: The table below shows clearance of the minefields and battlefields over varying time periods.

| Period | Number of Minefield and Battlefield Released | | | | Total Area Released (sq km) | Number of Communities Released | Number of Districts Released |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------|-------|--------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | AP | AT | BF | Total | | | |
| This quarter | 270 | 95 | 14 | 379 | 25 | 84 | 124 |
| During 1391 | 1,419 | 404 | 137 | 1,960 | 144 | 307 | |
| During 1390 | 1,139 | 310 | 255 | 1,704 | 210 | 241 | |
| Since beginning of the program (1368) | 11,419 | 6,986 | 3,624 | 22,029 | 1,893 | 2,351 | |

Mine/ERW Risk Education: During this quarter 145,276 people received M/ERW risk education in 326 communities. Of this total, 47% were female, and 70% were children. Five MAPA implementers AAR Japan, ARCS, HI, DDG and OMAR are involved in delivering M/ERW risk education in Afghanistan. The table below shows MAPA achievements over varying time periods.

| Period | Number of People Received Mine/ERW Risk Education | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| | Trained | Retrained |
| This quarter | 119,744 | 25,532 |
| During 1391 | 557,281 | 97,379 |
| During 1390 | 938,338 | 188,761 |
| Since beginning of the program (1368) | 20,347,582 | 1,132,485 |

¹ Under the terms of the Ottawa Treaty victim activated pressure plate IEDs are considered AP mines; areas contaminated by IEDs are recorded in as AP MF. Note: MAPA only clears and records IEDs which are considered no longer part of the conflict. To date 66 IED contaminated areas have been cleared, & 26 remain.

² Target communities are taken from the MAPA gazetteer, but during the survey the MEIFCS teams have come across an increase in number of communities. In the second row, out of 22,492 communities, 14,276 are not in our gazetteer but are surveyed by the MEIFCS teams.

Victim Assistance: The MAPA implementing partners collaborate with the three Afghan Government ministries that deliver disability services and assistances. They are Ministry of Labor, Social Affairs, Martyrs and Disabled (MoLSAMD), Ministry of Public Health (MoPH), and Ministry of Education (MoE). This quarter 4,362 mine/ERW survivors and other person with disability were provided with VA and disability support services; and with this the total number of people who have received these services since 1386 (2007) is 335,304.

Device Destruction: The table below shows various explosive items destroyed by the MAPA implementing partners and the Government of the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan.

| Period | Number of Devices Destroyed | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|
| | AP | AT | IED | ERW ³ |
| By MAPA, since beginning of the program 1368 (1989) to date | 669,602 | 27,782 | 709 | 16,232,782 items |
| By Afghan Ministry of Defense (stockpile destruction) to date | 520,738 | 31,039 | 469 | 30,785 tonnes |
| Total | 1,190,340 | 58,821 | 1178 | |

Funding: Through the United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS) managed Voluntary Trust Fund (VTF) for assistance in mine action, donor contributions are channeled via UNOPS to the MAPA implementing partners. Bilateral contributions are channeled directly to the implementing partners. These tables display the total funding situation for 1392.

| Donors | VTF Contributions |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Australia | 5,000,000 |
| Canada | 1,718,770 |
| European Union | 1,382,755 |
| Finland | 1,017,000 |
| Italy | 584,048 |
| Japan | 3,150,720 |
| Netherlands | 1,500,000 |
| Oman | 100,000 |
| United Arab Emirates | 999,975 |
| United States of America | 500,000 |
| UN unrestricted fund | 1,000,000 |
| Total | 16,953,268 |

The grand total of funding for the year 1392 is USD 66,728,257.

| Donors | Bilateral Contributions |
|--|-------------------------|
| Belgium | 327,500 |
| Denmark | 1,186,793 |
| Finland | 949,750 |
| Germany | 2,415,601 |
| Government of Afghanistan | 2,562,946 |
| Ireland | 1,215,338 |
| Japan | 740,000 |
| Netherlands | 4,014,919 |
| Norway | 2,441,139 |
| UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs | 497,505 |
| Pakistan - Afghanistan - Tajikistan Regional Integration Program | 987,410 |
| Sweden | 1,784,050 |
| United Arab Emirates | 8,265,000 |
| United Kingdom | 2,537,222 |
| United States of America | 19,849,816 |
| Total | 49,774,989 |

Implementers: The MAPA workforce totals around 11,000 people working to make Afghanistan free of mines and ERW by March 2023. In total 50 national and international humanitarian as well as commercial entities are delivering activities such as survey and mine clearance, M/ERW risk education, victim assistance, capacity building, advocacy, M&E and training. Out of these ATC, DAFA, DDG, EODT, HALO Trust, MCPA, MDC, and OMAR are the major clearance partners in Afghanistan.

Treaties: The table below shows the Government of Afghanistan's status in relation to the international treaties relevant to the mine action sector.

| Treaties | Signature | Ratification/Entry into Force |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| Anti-Personal Mine Ban Convention (APMBC/MBT) | September 11, 2002 | March 01, 2003 |
| Convention on Cluster Munitions (CCM) | December 03, 2008 | September 08, 2011 |
| Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD) | | September 18, 2012 |
| Convention on Certain Conventional Weapons (CCW) | April 10, 1981 | |

Acronyms

| | | | |
|-------|---------------------------------|-------|---|
| AP | Anti-Personnel | DDG | Danish Demining Group |
| AT | Anti-Tank | EODT | EOD Technology, Incorporated |
| BF | Battlefield | HALO | Hazardous Areas Life-Support Organization Trust |
| MF | Minefield | MCPA | Mine Clearance Planning Agency |
| ERW | Explosive Remnants of War | MDC | Mine Detection and Center |
| M/ERW | Mine/ Explosive Remnants of War | OMAR | Organization for Mine Clearance & Afghan Rehabilitation |
| IED | Improvised Explosive Device | MACCA | Mine Action Coordination Centre of Afghanistan |
| ATC | Afghan Technical Consultants | UNOPS | United Nations Office for Project Services |
| DAFA | Demining Agency For Afghanistan | MoE | Ministry of Education |

³ MAPA records the number of items of ERW destroyed whereas the Ministry of Defense records the number of tonnes destroyed.