



Mine Action Coordination Center of Afghanistan (MACCA)

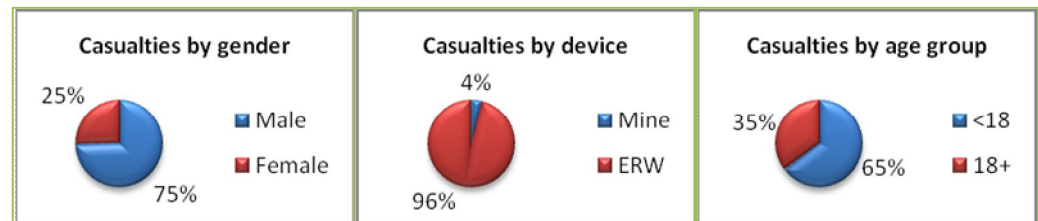
Fast Facts

Mine Action Program of Afghanistan (MAPA)
3rd Quarter 1391/October to December 2012

Scope of the Problem: The table below shows the remaining challenge of mine¹ and battle field contamination in Afghanistan.

No. of Known Hazards by Contamination Type			Total No. of Hazards	Total Area of Hazards (sq km)	Number of Impacted		
AP	AT	BF			Communities	Districts	Provinces
3,599	1,251	166	5,016	570.9	1,717	242	33

Casualties: In the third quarter of 1391, 51 Afghans were killed or injured by mines and ERW, representing a significant decrease from a quarterly average of 507 casualties in 1380 (2001).



Survey/Clearance: The tables below show status of the Mine/ERW Impact Free Community Survey (MEIFCS); and clearance of hazards over varying time periods.

Community Type	Target Communities	Surveyed Communities	Remaining Communities
Communities known to be impacted	1,726	549	1,177
Communities not known to be impacted	30,520	6,895	23,625

Period	Number of Hazards Cleared or Cancelled by Contamination Type			Total Area Cleared or Cancelled (sq km)		Number of Communities Cleared
	AP	AT	BF	Minefield	Battlefield	
This quarter	414	111	25	32.5	5.6	101
This year (1391)	1,147	309	109	79.4	32.2	264
Last year (1390)	1,138	310	153	129.8	80.4	259
Since beginning of the program (1989)	10,835	6,718	3,559	992.6	810.9	2,192

Mine/ERW Risk Education: During this quarter 227,757 people received M/ERW risk education in 377 communities. Of this total, 17.8% were female, and 69.3% were children. Four MAPA implementers AAR, ARCS, DDG and OMAR are involved in delivering M/ERW risk education in Afghanistan. The table below shows MAPA achievements over varying time periods.

Period	Number of People Received Mine/ERW Risk Education	
	Trained	Retrained
This quarter	193,505	34,252
This year (1391)	405,031	62,721
Last year (1390)	938,189	188,761
Since beginning of the program (1989)	17,230,587	3,761,068

In addition to the above, this quarter 4,792 teachers & 13,203 students received M/ERW risk education at schools through MoE.

¹ Under the terms of the Ottawa Treaty victim activated pressure plate IEDs are considered AP mines; areas contaminated by IEDs are recorded in as AP MF. Note: MAPA only clears and records IEDs which are considered no longer part of the conflict. To date 42 IED contaminated areas have been cleared, 40 remain.

Device Destruction: The table below shows various explosive items destroyed by the MAPA implementing partners and the Government of Afghanistan.

Period	Number of Devices Destroyed			
	AP	AT	IED	ERW ²
By MAPA, since beginning of the program (1989) to date	653,418	27,042	591	15,598,358 items
By Afghan Ministry of Defense, (stockpile destruction) to date	517,908	30,209	469	30,009 tonnes

Victim Assistance: The MAPA implementing partners collaborate with the three Afghan Government ministries that deliver disability services and assistances. They are Ministry of Labor, Social Affairs, Martyrs and Disabled (MoLSAMD), Ministry of Public Health (MoPH), and Ministry of Education (MoE). This quarter 17,685 people received disability awareness training and with this the total number of people who have received training since 1989 is 244,160.

Funding: Through the United Nations Mine Action Service (UNMAS) managed Voluntary Trust Fund (VTF) for assistance in mine action, donor contributions are channeled, via UNOPS to the MAPA implementing partners. Bilateral contributions are channeled directly to the implementing partners. These tables display the total funding situation for 1391.

Donors	VTF Contributions
Australia	4,903,445
Austria	171,037
Canada	9,857,834
Denmark	1,342,955
European Union	587,572
Finland	994,720
Germany	2,289,170
Japan	3,600,823
Korea	49,000
Lithuania	2,940
Netherlands	2,150,000
Oman	100,000
UN unrestricted fund	192,629
United Arab Emirates	1,000,000
United Kingdom	604,431
United States of America	1,036,144
Total	28,882,700

Donors	Bilateral Contributions
Afghanistan Peace and Reintegration Program	338,334
Belgium	306,150
Denmark	1,145,576
Finland	857,220
Germany	4,574,599
Government of Afghanistan	1,874,019
Ireland	1,136,109
Japan	2,456,510
Medico (NGO)	21,285
Netherlands	2,176,509
Norway	2,441,139
Pakistan - Afghanistan - Tajikistan Regional Integration Programme	385,035
Sweden	1,978,247
United Arab Emirates	12,397,300
United Kingdom	2,633,432
United States of America	32,779,589
Total	67,501,053

The grand total of funding for the year 1391 is USD 96,383,753.

Implementers: The MAPA workforce totals around 14,000 people working to make Afghanistan free of mines and ERW by March 2023. In total 50 national and international humanitarian as well as commercial entities are delivering activities such as survey and mine clearance, M/ERW risk education, victim assistance, capacity building, advocacy, M&E and training. Out of these ATC, DAFA, DDG, EODT, HALO Trust, MCPA, MDC, and OMAR are the major clearance partners in Afghanistan.

Treaties: The table below shows the Government of Afghanistan's status in relation to the international treaties relevant to the mine action sector.

Treaties	Signature	Ratification/Entry into Force
Anti-Personal Mine Ban Convention (APMBC/MBT)	September 11, 2002	March 1, 2003
Convention on Cluster Munitions (CCM)	December 3, 2008	September 8, 2011
Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD)		September 18, 2012
Convention on Certain Conventional Weapons (CCW)	April 10, 1981	

Acronyms:

AP	Anti-Personnel	DDG	Danish Demining Group
AT	Anti-Tank	EODT	EOD Technology, Incorporated
BF	Battlefield	MACCA	Mine Action Coordination Centre of Afghanistan
ERW	Explosive Remnants of War	MCPA	Mine Clearance Planning Agency
IED	Improvised Explosive Device	MDC	Mine Detection and Dog Center
M/ERW	Mine/ Explosive Remnants of War	MoE	Ministry of Education
MF	Minefield	OMAR	Organization for Mine Clearance & Afghan Rehabilitation
ATC	Afghan Technical Consultants	UNMAS	United Nations Mine Action Service
DAFA	Demining Agency For Afghanistan	UNOPS	United Nations Office for Project Services

² MAPA records the number of items of ERW destroyed whereas the Ministry of Defense records the number of tonnes destroyed.