

Mine Action Coordination Centre of Afghanistan (MACCA)



Mine Action Programme of Afghanistan (MAPA) Fast Facts Data as of 22 June 2010¹

Scope of the Problem: As of 22 June 2010, there were 6,696 hazards remaining affecting 654 sq km and 2,127 communities throughout the country.

Casualties: In 2009, an average of 40 Afghans were injured or killed by landmines and other explosive remnants of war, representing a significant decrease on previous years and the lowest in a decade.

Mine Clearance:

- Between January and May 2010, the MAPA conducted mine clearance in 65 communities; clearing or cancelling 63 minefields and 3 battle areas, destroying 11,344 anti-personnel mines, 412 anti-tank mines and 383,844 Explosive Remnants of War.
- Since the beginning of the programme 20 years ago, the implementers of mine action have cleared over 15,000² hazard areas throughout the country. 89 Districts and 1,440 communities have been cleared of mines and other explosive remnants of war.
- Under the 2006 Afghanistan Compact the area contaminated by mines and explosive remnants of war must be reduced by 70 per cent by March 2011. The MAPA has progressed 58% in terms of area and 56% in terms of number of hazards towards this goal of a 70% reduction.
- The Ottawa Mine Ban Treaty requires total clearance by 2013. The MAPA has progressed 41% in terms of area and 39% in terms of number of hazards towards this goal.
- New hazards continue to be found Afghanistan, increasing the challenge of the goals set by the Afghan Compact and Ottawa Treaty and affecting the progress towards them.

Mine Risk Education: 443,478 Afghans received MRE from January – May 2010. 42% were female.

Disability/ Survivor Assistance: MACCA and MAPA partners support three Government ministries (MoLSAMD, MoPH and MoE) to improve the services, policies and attitudes affecting persons with disability in Afghanistan. A total of 18,981 Afghans received disability awareness training between January and May 2010. Significant progress made by the Government in the area of mine survivors over the last year includes the passing by Parliament of a National Disability Law and ongoing discussions around the UN's Convention of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD).

Funding:

- The MAPA Integrated Operational Framework (IOF) for 1389 sets out a funding target for mine clearance of \$242m in multilateral and bilateral funding - for projects to begin in 1389. If those projects are completed, some 157 sq km of contaminated land will be returned back to communities.
- To date, \$94 million has been secured against this target leaving a shortfall of \$148 million.
- In April, coinciding with the beginning of 1389, contracts for new and ongoing mine action projects were issued to a value of \$33 million; \$24 million sourced via the UN Voluntary Trust Fund for mine action and \$9 million through bilateral agreements with Implementing Partners.

¹ The data comes from the Information Management System of Mine Action (IMSMA) which is the national database

² 12,712 MFs and 3,036 BAC